



Drop propulsion in tapered tubes

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Erratum

Drop propulsion in tapered tubes

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Due to a technical problem occurred in production, figs. 6 and 7 were displayed in an incomplete and erroneous form. We publish here again the correct figures sincerely apologizing to the authors for the unpleasant inconvenience.

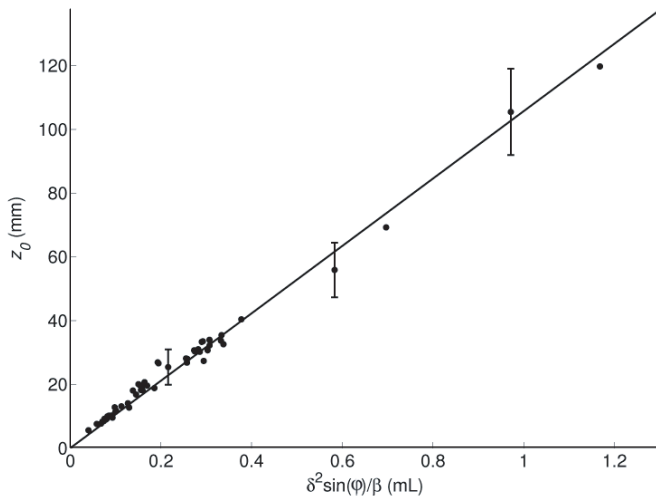


Fig. 6

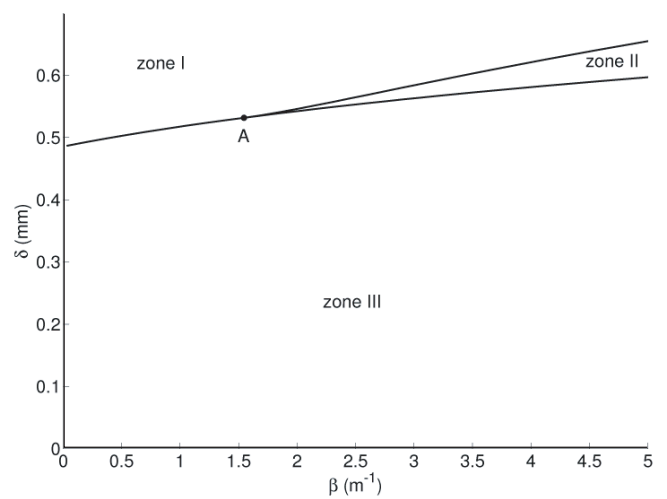


Fig. 7

Fig. 6: Equilibrium position z_0 of drops of silicone oil inside inclined capillary trumpets of inner radius $a(z) = \delta + z^2$, as a function of the quantity $\delta^2 \sin \varphi / \beta$ which depends on the tube splay β , the tip width δ and the tilt angle φ . As expected from eq. (4), the data collapse onto a single line, whose slope, $0.106 \pm 0.010 \text{ mm}^{-2}$, is close to the anticipated value $\kappa^2/4 = 0.111 \text{ mm}^{-2}$. The data were obtained by varying δ between 0.1 and 0.6 mm, φ between 1 and 50° and β between 0.1 and 5 m^{-1} .

Fig. 7: Calculated stability diagram of wetting drops of volume $\Omega = 3 \text{ mm}^3$ in a trumpet-shaped tube of inner radius $a(z) = \delta + \alpha z + \beta z^2$, with $\alpha = 1.5^\circ$, and inclined at 30° relative to the horizontal. In zone III, the drop climbs. In zone I, it slides downwards. A stable-equilibrium position only arises in zone II. Note that the zone of stability is diminished relative to that evident in fig. 5 (obtained for $\alpha = 0$): to the left of point A, no stable-equilibrium height exists.